The list below shows the treatment of geographic and geological terms that are encountered frequently in AFS publications. For the treatment of other terms, see *Webster's New Geographical Dictionary* or contact the Journals Department.

Alaska Peninsula the Arctic Atlantic coast Atlantic Continental Shelf (Slope) Atlantic Shelf

basin (e.g., Appalachian basin)

California Current Canadian government Canadian Shield a coastal plain a continental shelf (slope)

Deep South the Delta (Mississippi) Driftless Area

East Coast eastern Eastern Shore (Maryland) eastern United States (*not* the East) Equatorial Current

Fall Line fault (e.g., San Andreas fault)

Glacier (e.g., Columbia Glacier) Grand Bank(s) Great Basin Great Plains Gulf Coast (as region) Gulf Stream

The Hague Hawaiian Islands Inner Coastal Plain

Laurentian Shield Lock 19 (Mississippi River) lower Colorado River

massif (e.g., Adirondack massif) mid-Atlantic region Mid-Atlantic Ridge Middle Atlantic Bight the Midwest Midwestern Mille Lacs Mississippi Delta Mississippi River delta

The Netherlands North Atlantic north-central the Northeast northeastern northern United States (*not* the North) North Shore (Gulf of St. Lawrence) north shore (Lake Superior) the Northwest northwestern

Oregon Coast Range Outer Coastal Plain

Pacific coast the Pacific Northwest Philippines (*not* the Philippines) the Piedmont Pool 12 (Mississippi River)

province of Ontario

Sacramento–San Joaquin Delta Sacramento–San Joaquin Estuary San Francisco Estuary southern United States (*not* the South) South Atlantic Bight south-central the Southeast Southeast Alaska southeastern southern Southern California Bight the Southwest southwestern state of Washington syncline (e.g., Murphy syncline)

upper Mississippi River Upper Midwest Upper Peninsula (Michigan) U.S. Government

Washington State West Coast West Florida western western United States (*not* the West) Windward Islands

NOTE ON GEOLOGICAL TERMS

Formal geological terms are capitalized except for words that are purely descriptive:

Morrison Formation Laurentian Shield but Ozark uplift Merrimack River basin

The modifiers accompanying the following terms, which refer to periods, systems, epochs, or series, are all capitalized (e.g., Upper Cambrian, Late Eocene):

Cambrian Cretaceous Devonian Jurassic Mississippian Ordovician Pennsylvanian Permian Silurian Triassic Eocene Miocene Oligocene Paleocene Pliocene Precambrian

The names of major divisions, provinces, and sections are also capitalized:

Interior Plains Great Plains Missouri Plateau